VOLUME ONE

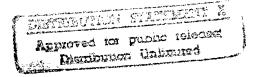
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

OF

ENERGY ENGINEERING ANALYSIS PROGRAM (EEAP)

PRESIDIO OF SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA

CONTRACT DACA05-84-C-0217



FOR

DITC QUALITY INSPECTED &

SACRAMENTO DISTRICT

CORPS OF ENGINEERS

ВУ

FMC ASSOCIATES

SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA

SEPTEMBER 1986

19971017 270

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING RESEARCH LABORATORIES, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
P.O. BOX 9005
CHAMPAIGN, ILLINOIS 61826-9005

REPLY TO ATTENTION OF:

TR-I Library

17 Sep 1997

Based on SOW, these Energy Studies are unclassified/unlimited. Distribution A. Approved for public release.

Marie Wakef**r**eld,

Librarian Engineering

TABLE OF CONTENTS

VOLUME ONE

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

VOLUME TWO

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

1.0 INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 Report Organization
- 1.2 Energy Conservation Directives
- 1.3 Previous Energy Conservation Studies
- 1.4 Objectives of this ESOS

2.0 PROCEDURE

- 2.1 Recommended Projects from EEAP Study
- 2.2 Reevaluation of Previously Identified Projects
- 2.3 Energy Projects Programmed Prior to ESOS
- 2.4 General Observations (Except 1800 Area)
- 2.5 General Observations for 1800 Area

3.0 CONCLUSIONS

- 3.1 Recommended Energy Conservation Opportunities
- 3.2 Low Cost-No Cost Projects
- 3.3 Other Energy Conservation Considerations
- 3.4 Equipment Replacement
- 3.5 Training Courses for Maintenance Personnel
- 3.6 Plan for Implementation
- 3.7 Areas for Further Study

APPENDICES

- A. Funded Projects and Low Cost/No Cost Projects Calculations and Cost Estimates
- B. Reevaluation of Previously Identified Projects and Infeasible Projects - Calculations, Economic Analyses and Cost Estimates
- C. Scope of Work
- D. Minutes of Pre-negotiation Meeting
- E. Field Notes
- F. Cogeneration Letter, FMCA 246

TABLE OF CONTENTS

VOLUME THREE

PROJECT DOCUMENTATION

PROJECT NUMBER	TITLE
QRIP-1	Insulate Water Heaters - Family Housing
QRIP-2	Caulk Foundation Joints - Family Housing
ECIP-FHA-1	Weatherstrip Windows - Family Housing
OSD PIF-1	Vent Dampers for Heating Boilers - Family Housing
PECIP-1	Insulate Water Heaters
OSD PIF-2	Consolidate Loads - Marina Gate Substation, Fort Scott Substation, Building 70 Substation
ECIP-FHA-2	Vent Dampers for Water Heaters and Insulate Domestic Hot Water Piping - Family Housing
ECIP-1	Replace Heating Boilers
OSD PIF-3	Insulate Ductwork - Family Housing
ECIP-FHA-3	Insulate Walls - Family Housing
ECIP-FHA-4	Replace Heating Boilers-Family Housing
LC-1	Secure Steam Line to Building 1818
LC-2	Secure Hot Water Tank - Building 1802
LC-3	Secure Hot Water Storage Tanks - Building 1801
LC-4	Secure Hot Water Tank - Building 1807
LC-5	Improve Power Factor - Marina Gate Substation
LC-6	Vent Dampers for Water Heaters
LC-7	Insulate Domestic Hot Water Piping
LC-8	Insulate Ductwork
LC-9	Replace Incandescent Lighting with High Pressure Sodium
LC-10	Waste-Oil-Fired Boiler-Building 135

PURPOSE

This Energy Savings Opportunity Survey (ESOS) study was initiated to supplement prior energy conservation efforts at the Presidio of San Francisco. While previous recommendations concentrated on projects requiring substantial funds for implementation, the thrust of the ESOS is to generate energy projects for all types of funding.

SCOPE OF WORK OUTLINE

- O Review for general information the previously completed Energy Engineering Analysis Program (EEAP) study and any other energy studies which were performed at this installation.
- o Reevaluate selected projects and Energy Conservation Opportunities (ECOs) from the previous studies to determine their economic feasibility based on revised criteria, current site conditions and technical applicability.
- o Evaluate selected ECOs to determine their energy savings potential and economic feasibility.
- o Perform a limited site survey of selected buildings or areas to insure that any new methods of energy conservation which are practical and have not been evaluated in any previous energy study have been considered and the results documented.
- o Summarize and prioritize all energy conservation opportunities and projects from this study and all previous studies for use by the Installation Commander and Director of Engineering and Housing in developing their energy management plans.
- o Provide complete new programming or implementation documentation for all recommended ECOs.
- o Provide recommendations for training of Directorate of Engineering and Housing (DEH) personnel and for replacement of expendable equipment.
- o Prepare a comprehensive report to document the work performed, the results and the recommendations.

REEVALUATION OF PREVIOUSLY IDENTIFIED PROJECTS

A group of nine projects, which were identified as potential energy saving measures but were never implemented, were evaluated in this study. Five of these projects were previously evaluated in the 1979 EEAP.

Of the nine projects, six were found to be currently infeasible. Pertinent economic data for these projects is presented in Table A. The other three ECOs, Wall Insulation for Family Housing, Waste-Oil-Fired Boiler, and Replace Existing Heating Boilers, are feasible. Due to funding regulations, the ECO to Replace Existing Heating Boilers was divided into two projects. Economic data for these feasible projects is summarized in Tables B and C.

Table

Previously Identified Projects Reevaluation of

	Project Title	Energy MBtu	Energy Savings MBtu \$	Non-Energy Savings (\$) (Cost)	Total Annual Savings (\$) (Cost)	Construction Cost (\$)	SIR	Simple Payback Period (Yrs)
	High-Efficiency Motor Replacement	138	713	I	713	11,800	0.89	16.6
	Storm Windows (Per Window)	0.5	က	ı	က	225	0.26	75.3
3	Solar Domestic Hot Water	18.5	111	I	111	8,330	0.26	75.3
	Wind Power Electrical Generation	3,005	15,536	(52,000)	(36,464)	1,100,000	(0.34)	ŧ
	Solar Space Heating	128.4	770	(320)	420	35,500	0.31	84.8
	Replace Existing Water Heaters	7,069	42,414	(12,000)	30,414	1,200,000	0.57	39.6

RECOMMENDED PROJECTS

A site survey was conducted, in selected buildings (Annex B of the Scope of Work), to provide data on which to base our recommendations. Potential energy conservation opportunities (ECOs), found in Annex A of the Scope of Work, were evaluated for the buildings surveyed. While some strides have been made towards achieving the conservation goals of the base, we found further ECOs that are economically feasible. These include savings in such systems as heating, domestic hot water, lighting, electrical distribution, and operations and maintenance.

Following the directions of the scope of work, a few buildings in each group of "typical buildings" were surveyed, and the data thus gathered was extrapolated to include all buildings in that group. Although the ECOs presented in this report are feasible regardless of the magnitude of construction involved, if we underestimate the scope for a project, adequate funds may not be available to complete construction and, alternately, if we overestimate the scope we may be overestimating the potential energy savings. Every effort was made to be conservative with energy savings without underestimating costs. ECOs were then placed into various funding programs following the recommendations of personnel from the Presidio of San Francisco, FORSCOM, and the Sacramento District Corps of Engineers.

For the projects requiring \$3,556,950 in MILCON funds for implementation, yearly savings of 70,625 MBtu of natural gas and 16,342 MBtu of electricity, with annual cost savings amounting to \$506,072 may be realized. A summary of the savings from each of these ECOs is presented in Table B.

Low Cost/No Cost projects that are within the funding jurisdiction of the installation can produce annual savings of 3,275 MBtu of natural gas and 3,876 MBtu of electricity or annual cost savings of \$29,809. These projects are summarized in Table C.

EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT

Guidelines for replacement of debilitated equipment with higher efficiency models has been included.

Pulse ignition fired water heating boilers and forced air furnaces can achieve energy savings by operating more efficiently than conventional heating equipment can. While these products have limited availability at the present time, we recommend their use when applicable.

Electric motors should be replaced with high efficiency models suited for the intended duty. High efficiency motors are readily available from a number of manufacturers.

Lighting is another area where the use of high efficiency replacement equipment is recommended. The application of fluorescent lamps which fit standard incandescent sockets is recommended as an energy saving measure.

Table B

Conservation Opportunities Funded Projects Energy o f Summary

ORIP-1 ORIP-2 ECIP-FHA-1 OSD PIF-1	Z	Natural Elec- Gas tricity	Elec-					,		
QRIP-1 QRIP-2 ECIP-FHA-1 CSD PIF-1		(MDCIII)	(MBtu)	Savings (MBtu)	Savings (\$)	tion Cost (\$)	investment Ratio	Pay- Back (Years)	Material (\$)	Labor (Hours)
QRIP-1 QRIP-2 ECIP-FHA-1 CSD PIF-1										
QRIP-2 ECIP-FHA-1 OSD PIF-1	Insulate Water Heaters - Family Housing	816	ţ	816	4,896	8,650	5.37	1.8	1,345	175
ECIP-FHA-1 OSD PIF-1	Caulk Foundation Joints - Family Housing	993	I	663	3,978	7,800	4.84	2.0	1,680	145
Ve	Weatherstrip Windows-Family Housing	14,655	I	14,655	87,930	484,500	3.52	5.5	72,310	9,790
Bollers-F	Vent Dampers for Heating Boilers-Family Housing	7,317	1	7,317	43,260	126,100	3.30	2.9	42,300	1,995
PECIP-1 Insulate Wa	Insulate Water Heaters	217	I	217	1,302	4,300	3.14	3.3	999	8
OSD PIF-2 Consolidate	Consolidate Loads - Marina Gate	l	16,342	16,342	84,488	306,000	29.2	3.6	162,375	3,420
Substatic Building	Substation, Fort Scott Substation, Building 70 Substation	'n,								•
ECIP-FHA-2 Vent Damper Heaters-F	Vent Dampers for Water Heaters-Family Housing	6,315	I	6,315	36,366	282,600	2.54	7.8	80,315	4,355
Insulate Do Pipes-Fan	Insulate Domestic Hot Water Pipes-Family Housing					, No.				
-> ECIP-1 Replace Hea	Replace Heating Boilers	6,527	ı	6,527	39,162	310,000	2.45	7.9	206,560	2,470
	Insulate Ductwork-Family Housing	4,551	1	4,551	27,306	107,000	2.42	3.9	10,475	2,300
ECIP-FHA-3 Insulate Wa	Insulate Walls - Family Housing Replace Heating Roilers	21,608	1	21,608	129,648	1,110,000	2.27	8.6	214,480	21,350
	sing	7,956	ı	7,956	47,736	810,000	1.14	17.0	470,000	8,120
								·		
	TOTALS	70,625	16,342	86,967	506,072	3,556,950			1,262,505	54,210

CONSULTING ENGINEERS

Conservation Opportunities Summary of Energy

		Low Cos	ا +	No Cost	st Pi	Projects	t s				
	Project Number	Project Title	Annual Energy Savings Natural Elec- Gas tricity (MBtu) (MBtu)	y Savings Electricity (MBtu)	Total Savings (MBtu)	Annual Savings (\$)	Construction Cost (\$)	Savings Investment Ratio	Simple Pay- Back (Years)	Cost Breakdown Material Lab (\$) (Hours	Labor (Hours)
	I.C-1	Secure Steam Line to Building 1818	131	1	131	786	25	610.63	<1.0		1
F	IC-2	Secure Hot Water Tank - Building 1802	179		179	1,074	100	208.59	4.0	50	2
	LC-3	Secure Hot Water Tanks - Building 1801	177		177	1,062	270	76.39	<1.0	120	9
С	LC-4	Secure Hot Water Tank - Building 1807	83	ļ	33	198	09	64.09	4.0	10	7
	IC-5	Improve Power Factor – Marina Gate Substation	l	3,824	3,824	19,770	93,500	3.12	4.7	77,915	510
O C	9-2T	Vent Dampers for Water Heaters	285		285	1,446	14,000	2.17	9.7	4,185	235
I A	I.C-7	Insulate Domestic Hot Water Piping	331		331	1,986	21,200	1.82	10.7	8,015	315
	IC-8	Insulate Ductwork	205		202	1,230	14,600	1.63	11.9	1,430	320
S	6-27	Replace Incandescent Lighting With High Pressure Sodium	[25	25	393	3,600	1.50	9.5	2,405	25
:	LC-10	Waste Oil Boiler	1,934	1	1,934	1,864	96,000	1.18	51.7	73,640	530

1,946

167,770

243,355

29,809 37,945

7,151

3,876

3,275

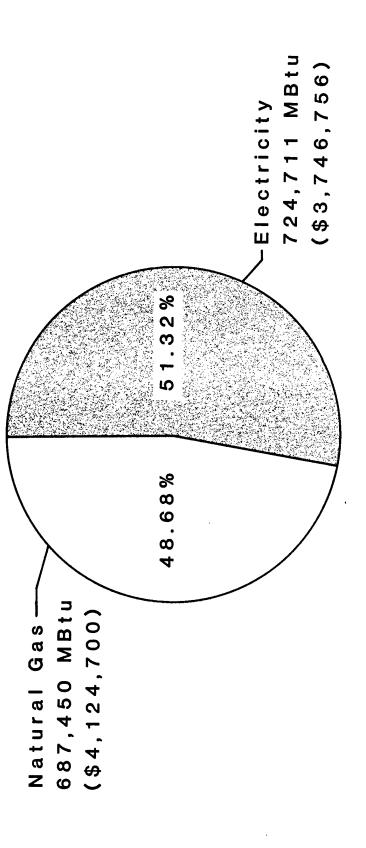
TOTALS

PERSONNEL TRAINING

Military and commercial training courses for maintenance personnel were researched for applicability. A number of courses were found that could provide the maintenance group with a basis for personnel training. Subjects covered by these courses include: refrigeration and air conditioning systems, energy conservation, preventive maintenance, control systems, water treatment, boiler maintenance, pump maintenance, and operation and maintenance of electric motors. Implementation of a training program is recommended.

IMPLEMENTATION

Implementation of all the recommended projects will save a significant amount of energy. The effect of these savings is illustrated graphically in Exhibits A and B which follow.



Fiscal Year 1985 Energy Consumption Exhibit A

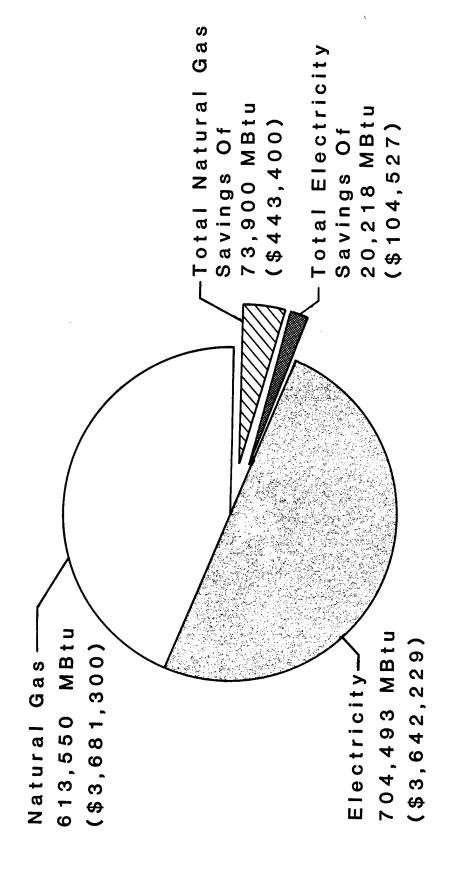


Exhibit B

With Funded And Low Cost - No Cost Programs Completed Projected Annual Energy Consumption